"The Loop Survey: A retrospective view of technological and other changes in Central Luzon rice farms over five decades (1966-2012),"

Randy Barker Sept 21, 2015

JOINT VENTURE



PART 1: The loop survey PART 2: Take-home message:

Implications for Philippines

PART 3: Take home game: *The Game of Rice*



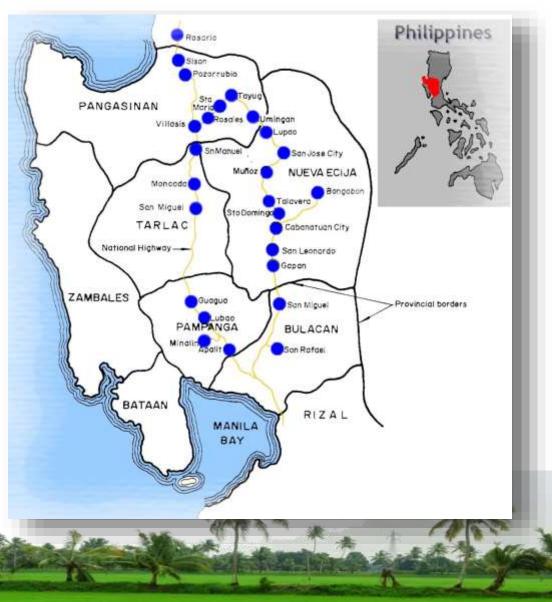
What is the Loop Survey?

- ➡ The survey was initiated in 1966
- It covers detailed records on the production systems in both wet and dry season
- Conducted every four to five years until
 2011-12 23 rounds of survey



Central Luzon Loop Survey

The survey fields are observed at specific kilometer posts along the "loop" of national highway (e.g., the 50th, 100th,150th etc.)

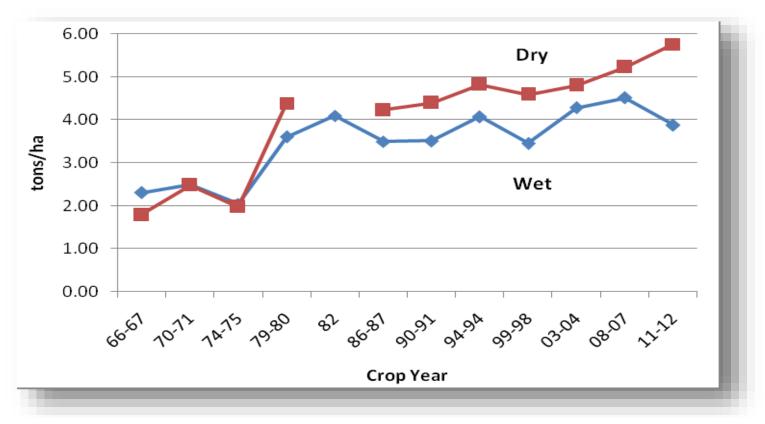


We overview changes in

- 1. Yields and varieties
- 2. Machine use and labor use
- 3. Profitability and its distribution
- 4. Macro level impact
- 5. Rice farmers' characteristics

CHANGES IN YIELD AND VARIETIES

Yield growth over five decades



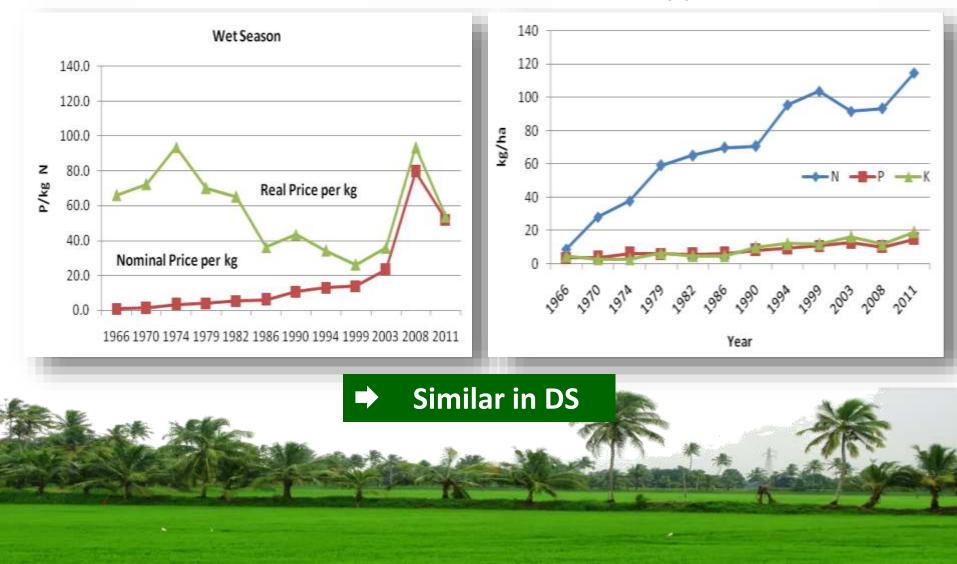
- Yields have more than doubled.
 - Dry-season yields have been continuously increasing.
 - Wet-season yields have plateaud at 4 t/ha in the past decade.

CHANGES IN CROP MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND INPUT USE

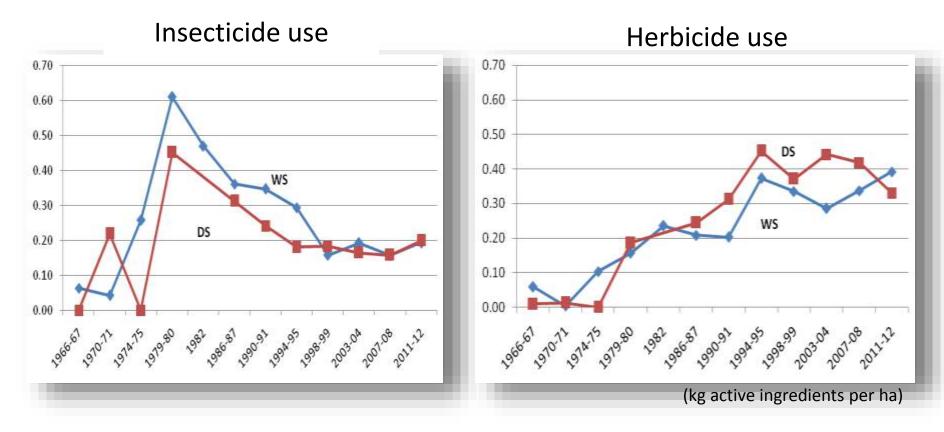
Fertilizer price and use

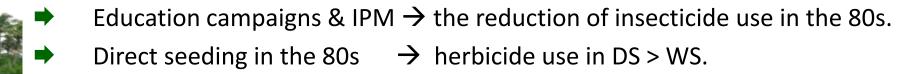
N Price, WS

N P K application, WS



Insecticide and herbicide use

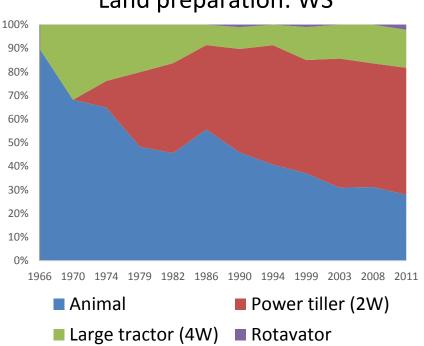




MECHANIZATION AND LABOR USE

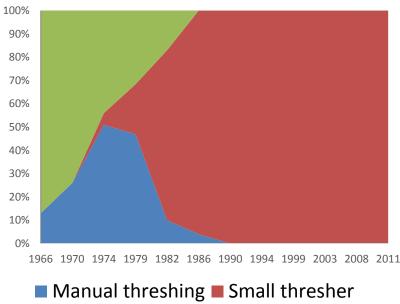


Progress of small scale mechanization



Land preparation: WS

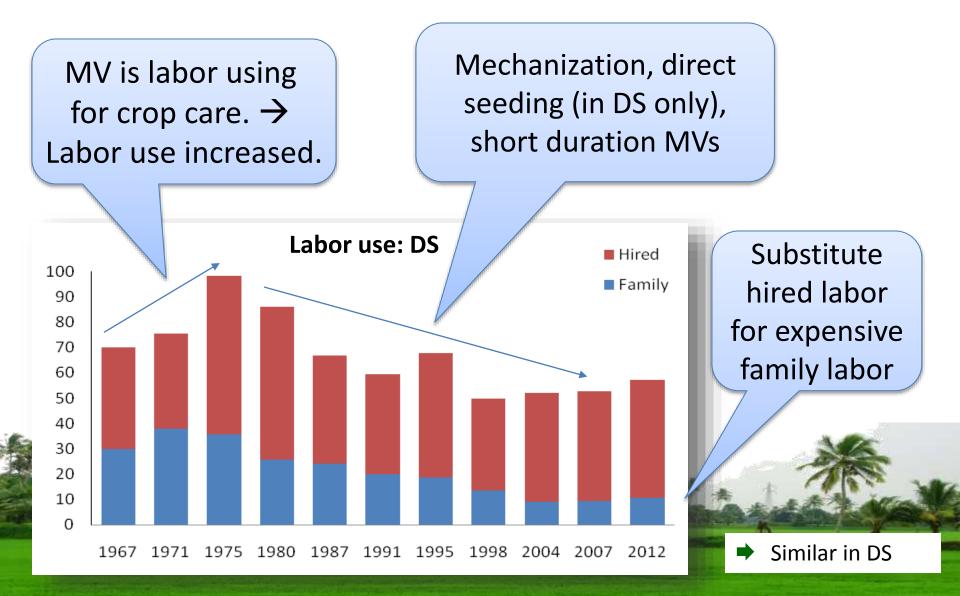
Threshing: WS



Big thresher



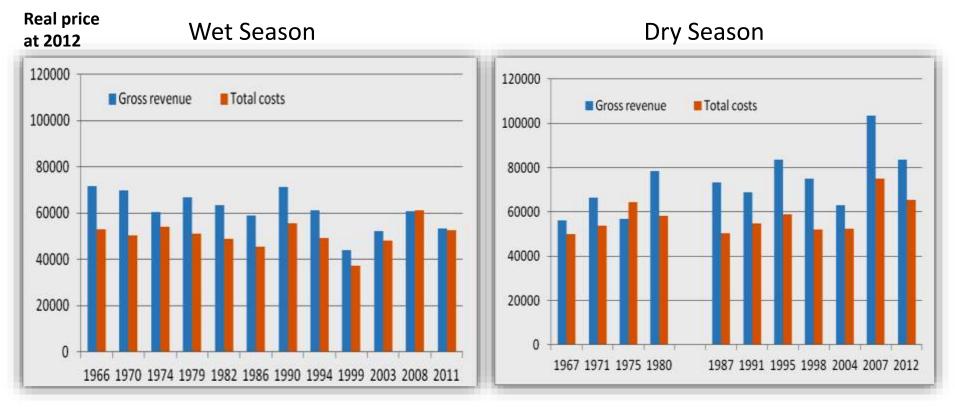
Labor use: historical trend



CHANGES IN PROFITABILITY



Changes in profit



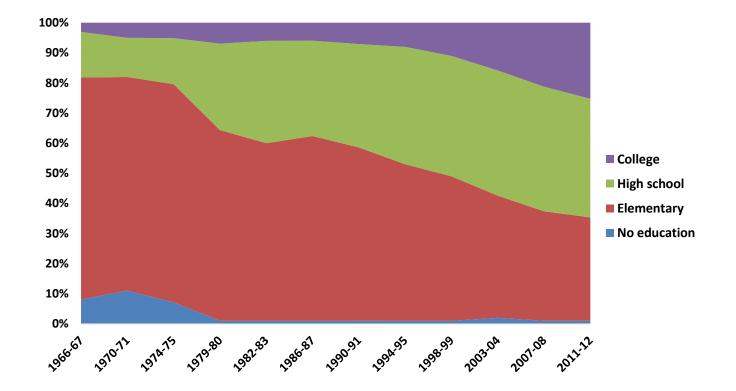
- Declining profit in WS, almost zero in the 2000s.
- Maintained profit in DS.

- 36
- Gross revenue= price x yield
- Total cost= paidout cost* + imputed cost**
 - * fertilizer, hired labor, etc.
 - ** family labor, owned tractor, etc.

CHANGES IN RICE FARMERS' CHARACTERISTICS

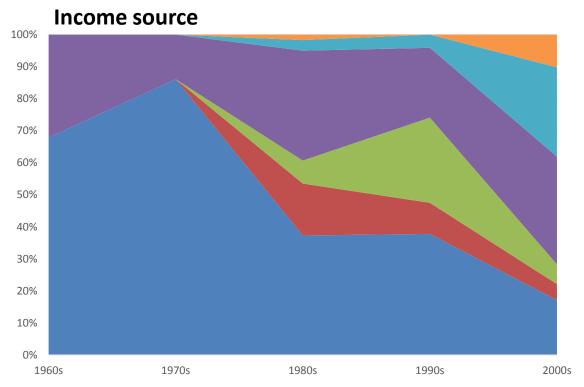


Educational attainment, improving



Increasing number of high school and college graduates among young.

Changes in income sources



- Other sources (rentals, etc.)
- Remittances
- Off-farm employment
- Livestock and poultry
- Nonrice crop

Rice

Rice farming was major income source.
Rice farming has become a side business.

TAKE HOME MESSAGES



Table 9.1. Changes in sources of household income (%), six selected case studies,Central Luzon Loop farmers, 1960 to 2000.

	1960s	1970s	1980s	1990s	2000s	
Sources of income	Percent					
Rice	67.9	86.1	37.3	37.8	17.1	
Nonrice crop			16.2	9.7	5.0	
Livestock and poultry			7.2	26.6	6.2	
Off-farm employment	32.1	13.9	34.3	21.8	33.6	
Remittances			3.3	4.1	27.9	
Other sources (rentals, etc.)			1.7		10.2	













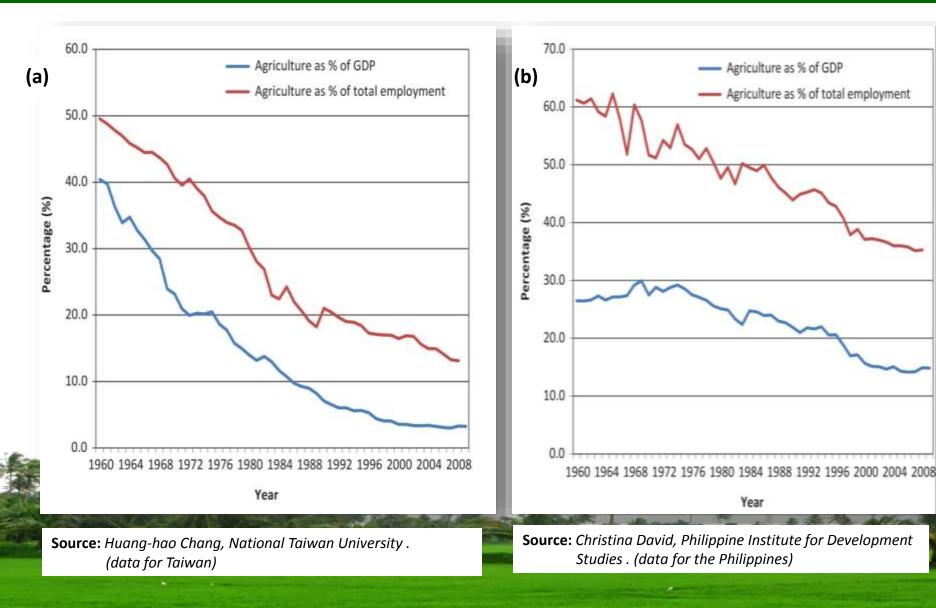
TAKE HOME MESSAGE 1

MAN DOES NOT LIVE by RICE ALONE

PARTICULARILY in the WET SEASON in CENTRAL LUZON



Figure 3. Trends in the % of the labor force in agriculture and the % in GDP from 1960 to 2008 for (a) Taiwan and (b) the Philippines.



TAKE HOME MESSAGE 2

THE PHILIPPINES

IMPORTS RICE and

EXPORTS LABOR

AND THAT'S NOT SO BAD



Acknowledgements

Years	Persons responsible	Researchers/enumerators that
		conducted the interviews
1966-67	Randolph Barker, Stanley Johnson, Ben Hur Aguila	Violeta Cordova
1970-71	Randolph Barker, Violeta Cordova	Fe Gascon, Geronimo Dozina Jr.
1974-75	Randolph Barker, Robert W. Herdt, Chandra Ranade	Ricardo Guino, Bonifacio Cayabyab
1979-80	Robert W. Herdt, Ricardo Guino, Violeta Cordova	F. Gascon, Dolor Palis, Sylvia Sardido, Perla Pantoja, Aida Papag
1982	Robert W. Herdt, Fe Gascon	Dolor Palis, Sylvia Sardido, Perla Pantoja, Leonida. Yambao
1986-87	Keijiro Otsuka, Fe Gascon	Dolor Palis, Luisa Bambo, Esther Marciano
1990-91	Cristina David, Fe Gascon	Joel Reaño, Alvaro Calara, Luisa Bambo, Milagros Obusan
1994-95	Mahabub Hossain, Fe Gascon	Esther Marciano, Joel Reaño
1998-99	Mahabub Hossain, Fe Gascon	Joel Reaño, Teodora Malabanan, Aida Papag, Nancy Palma
2003-04	David Dawe, Kazushi Takahashi, Fe Gascon	Maria Shiela Valencia, Milagros Obusan, Violeta Cordova, Mary Rose San Valentin
2007-08	Kei Kajisa, Pie Moya	Fe Gascon, Mary Rose San Valentin
2011-12	Sam Mohanty, Pie Moya	Joel Reaño, Mary Rose San Valentin, Teodora Malabanan

For more details

Changes in rice farming in the Philippines: Insights from five decades of a household-level survey

Piedad Moya, Kei Kajisa, Randolph Barker, Samarendu Mohanty, Fe Gascon, and Mary Rose San Valentin Comprehensive documentation of the changes in rice farming for half a century!

Downloadable for free at

<u>http://irri.org/resources/publications/books/item/changes-in-rice-farming-in-the-philippines-insights-</u> <u>from-five-decades-of-a-household-level-survey</u> Data set is also downloadable at

http://ricestat.irri.org/fhsd/php/panel.php?page=3

GROW YOUR OWN RICE CROP:

FACE THE CHALLENGE THAT FARMERS FACE

THE GAME OF RICE is an interactive simulation game designed to expose the player(s) to the many decisions that rice famers must make and the nature of the risks they face – potential crop damage from typhoons, rats, insects, birds, snails etc.

Visit http://game-of-rice.munkeewired.com/



WEBSITES TO VISIT

The Book is downloadable for free at <u>http://irri.org/resources/publications/books/item/changes-in-</u> <u>rice-farming-in-the-philippines-insights-from-five-decades-of-a-</u> <u>household-level-survey</u>

Data set is also downloadable at http://ricestat.irri.org/fhsd/php/panel.php?page=3

The Game of Rice:

http://game-of-rice.munkeewired.com/

